

The diagram illustrates a coordinate system with a horizontal X-axis and a vertical Y-axis intersecting at origin O. A circle is centered at O. A point A is marked on the positive X-axis where it intersects the circle. Another point P is marked on the upper-left portion of the circle's circumference. A line segment connects O and P. A second line segment, labeled Q, starts at P and is tangent to the circle at that point, extending upwards and to the right. Reference numerals are used as follows: 102 points to the circle, 100 points to the tangent line segment PQ, and 104 points to the line segment OP.

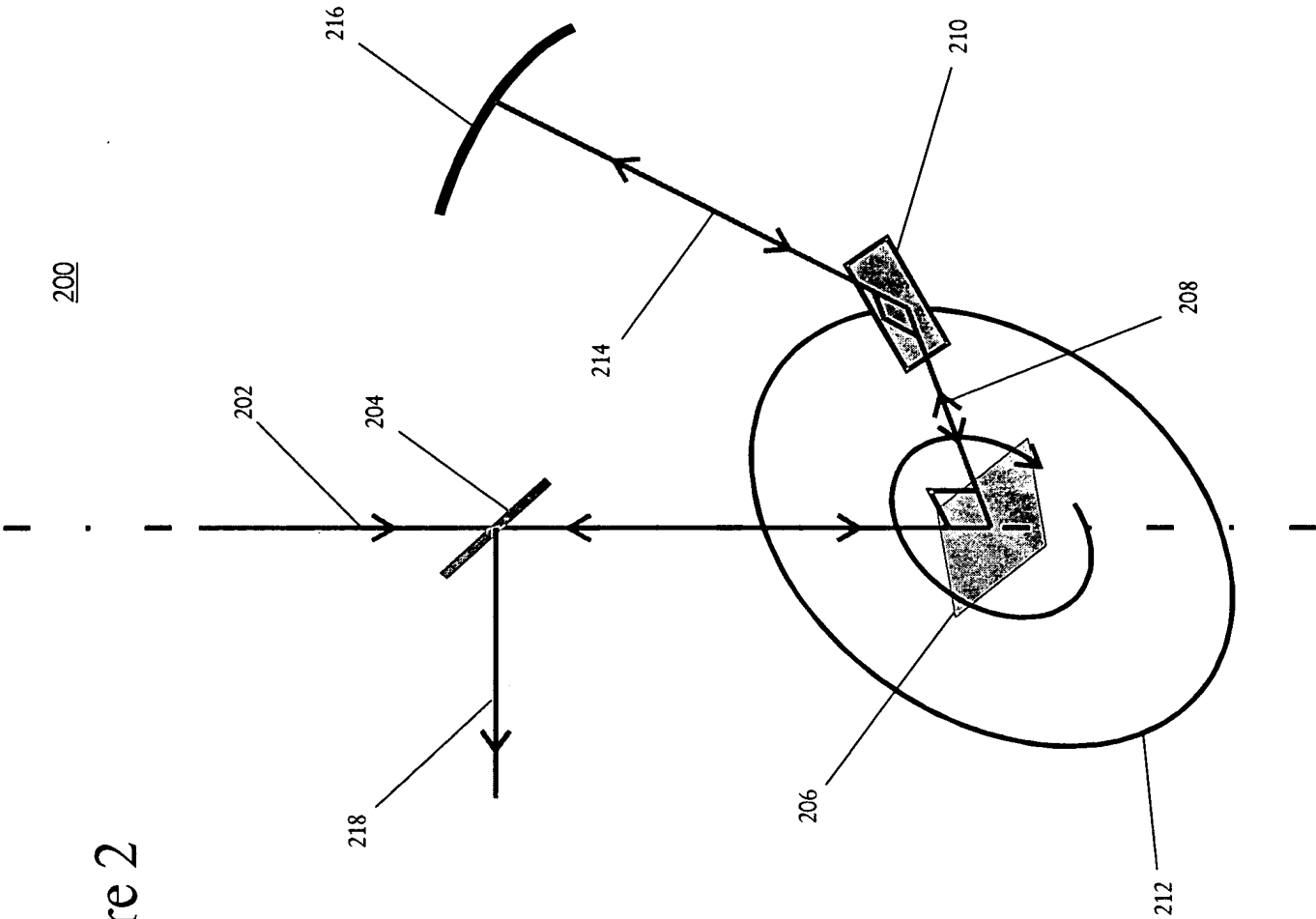


Figure 2

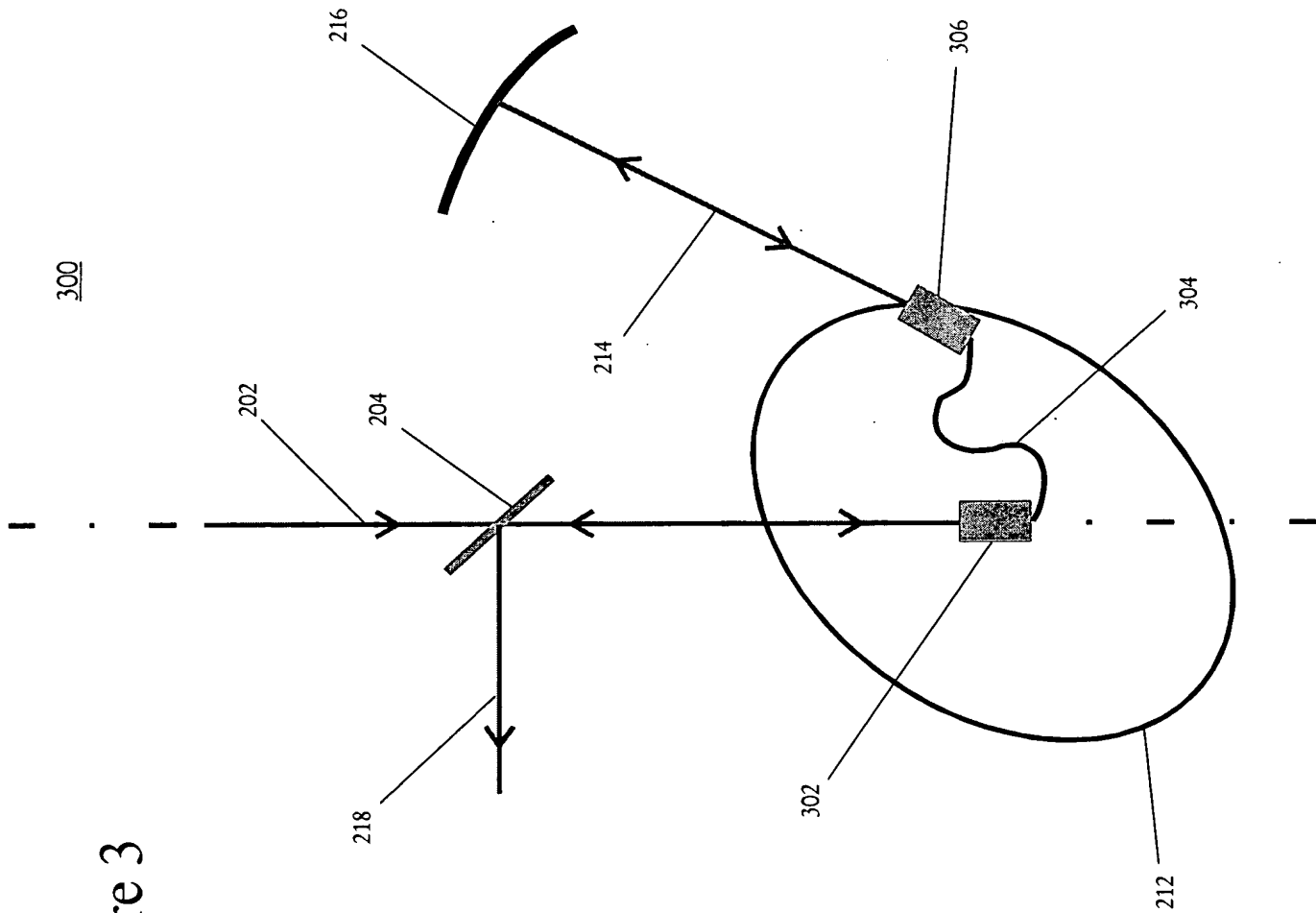
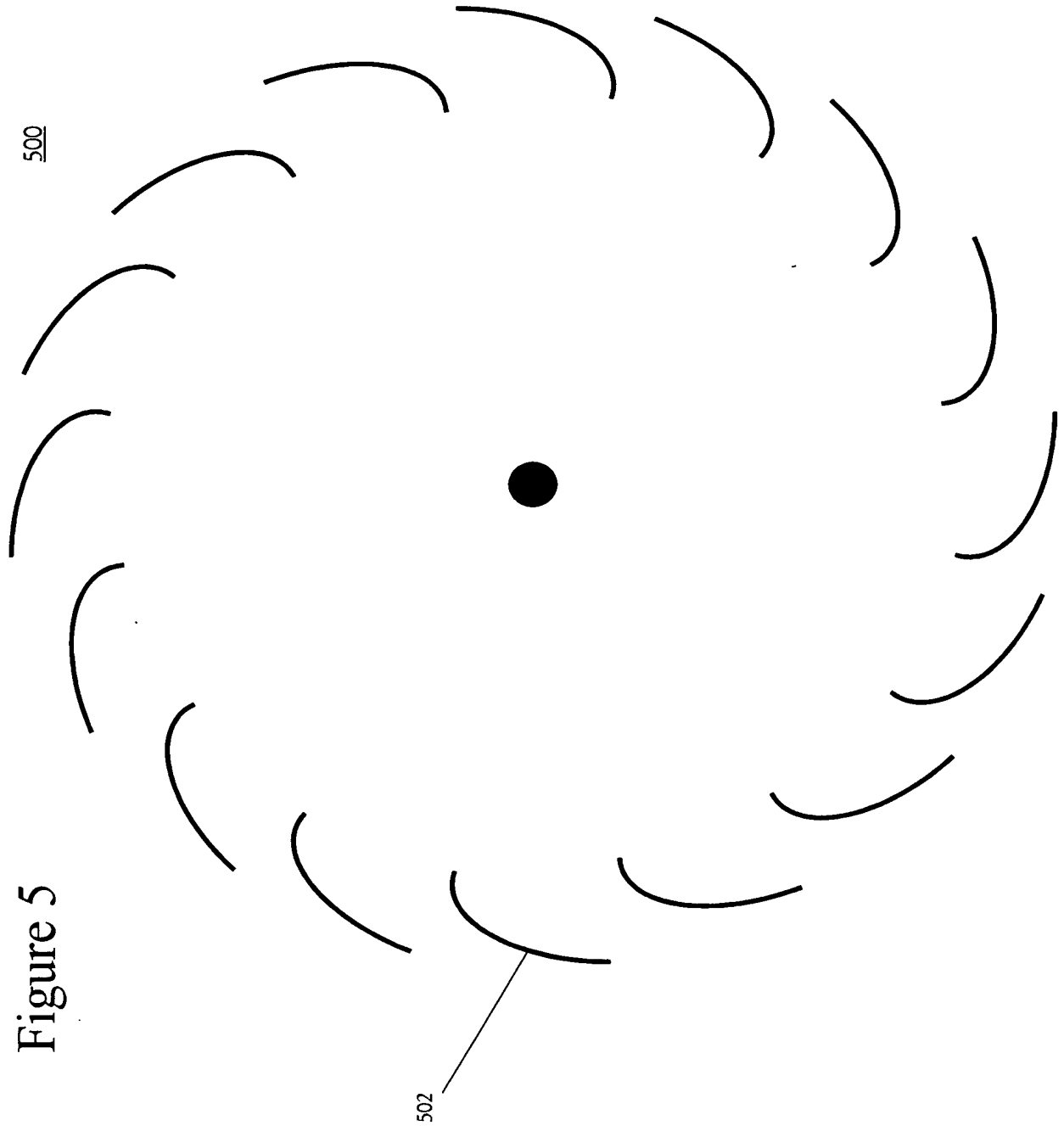


Figure 3





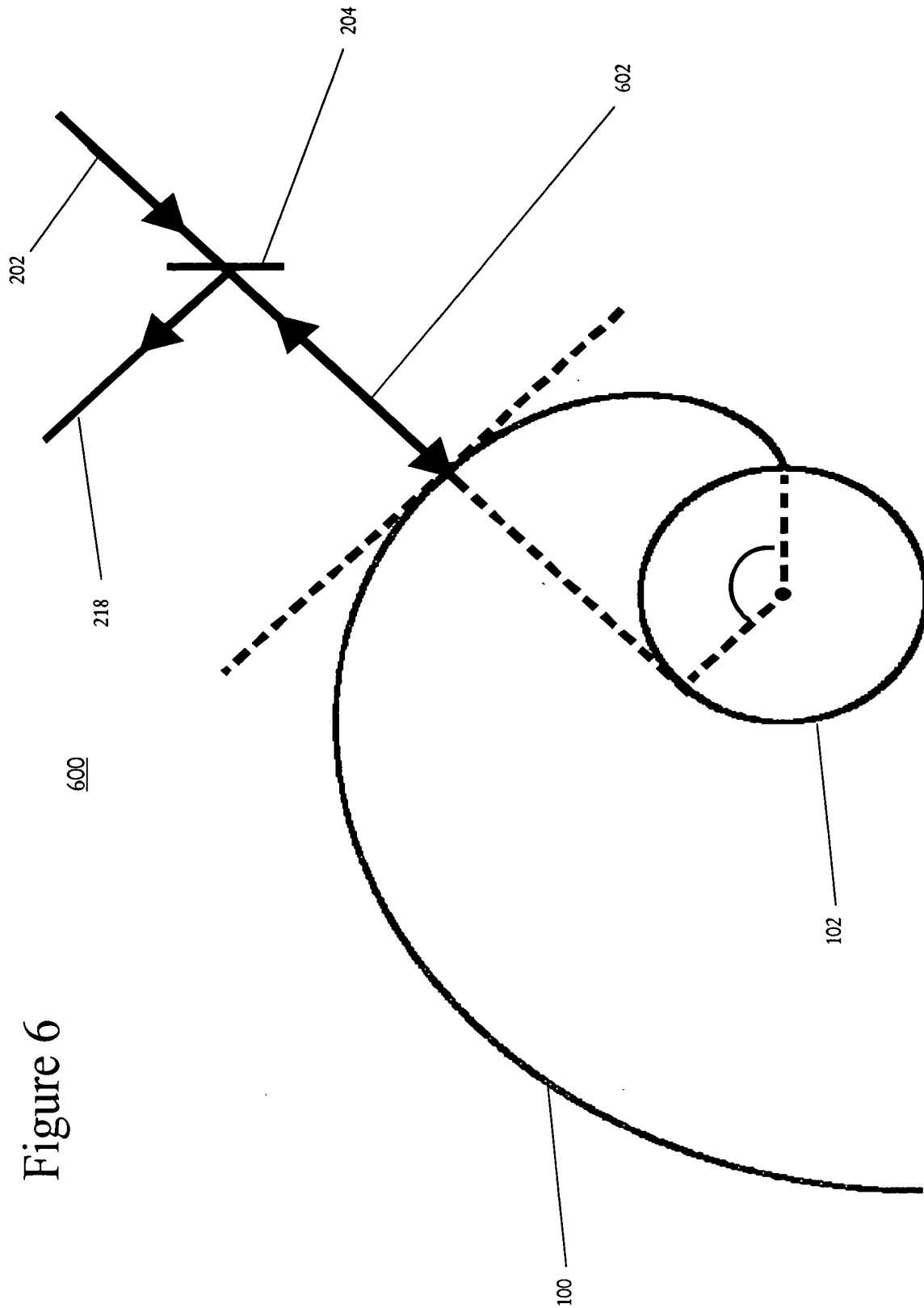


Figure 7

